

## UNITED STATE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

## **Patent and Trademark Office**

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AF	PLICATION NO.			ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.			
	09/003,0	98 01/06	/98 K	NOWLTON		E	16904-727
_	PAUL DAVIS WILSON SONSINI GOODR 650 PAGE MILL ROAD				一	EXA	MINER
			Objeh v			SHAY, D	
						ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	PALO ALTI	D CA 94304-	1050		_	3739	//
						DATE MAILED:	06/13/00

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

**Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks** 

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	17			
Office Action Summary	08/003,098	- Fin	nocollo			
omeo Action Cammary	Examiner	,	Group Art Unit			
·	l a m	an_	3739	<u> </u>		
-The MAILING DATE of this communication appears	on the cover sheet	beneath the co	orrespondence a	ddress— <		
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO DE THIS COMMUNICATION.	EXPIRE -3		) FROM THE MAI	ILING DATE		
- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1	36(a) In no event howe	ver may a reply be	timely filed after SIX	(6) MONTHS		
from the mailing date of this communication.		'/		//		
<ul> <li>If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl</li> <li>If NO period for reply is specified above, such period shall, by default, e</li> </ul>						
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute		_				
Status ,		·				
Responsive to communication(s) filed on March 20	1,2000	787	•			
This action is FINAL.	1	•	·	·•		
☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for	or formal matters org	secution as to	the merite is clo	seed in		
accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935						
Disposition of Claims						
1-68						
	-	is/are pending in the application.				
Of the above claim(s)						
☐ Claim(s)						
$\mathbb{D}Claim(s) = 1 - 68$		is/are	rejected.			
Claim(s)		is/are	objected to.			
2				or election		
		require				
Application Papers						
See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing	•			•		
The proposed drawing correction, filed on			d.	· · ·		
The drawing(s) filed on is/are objecte	d to by the Examiner.	•				
The specification is objected to by the Examiner.			,	57		
The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.			•			
riority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 (a)-(d)						
☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority und						
☐ All ☐ Some* ☐ None of the CERTIFIED copies of th	e priority documents					
☐ received in Application No. (Series Code/Serial Number)	•	; <del>ā</del>				
received in his national stage application from the Intern		Rule 1 7.2(a)).	<del></del> •			
*Certified copies not received:				•		
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Attachment(s)				:		
☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, Paper No.	Interview Sumr	view Summary, PTO-413				
□ Notice of Reference(s) Cited, PTO-892 □ Notice of Informal Patent Application,						
☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-948		Other	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Office	Action Summary		:	•		

U. S. Patent and Trademark Office PTO-326 (Rev. 9-97)

Part of Paper No.

- Application/Control Number: 09/003,098

Art Unit: 3739

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-68 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claim 3 exactly what constitutes "reduced cell nerosis" is unclear. In claim 3-20 no further method step is recited. In claim 28 the recitation "electrolytic media means" is indefinite as it recites no positive function, also the extend that claim 28 is intended to encompass a device wherein the electrode is in contact with the body it is indefinite. In claims 34-37 it is unclear what further structure is recited thereby. In claim 39 there is no function positively recited in the sensor means". Claims 1 and 41 are substantial duplicates. The foregoing is merely exemplary and is not intended to be exhaustive list of the claims indefiniteness.

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

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Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 28-40 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1, 3, 4, 12-14, 21-29, 35-38 and 46-60 of copending Application No. 08/827,237. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because it would have been obvious to use an ionic liquid to cool the surface..

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

The other provisional obviousness type double patenting rejections set forth in the previous Office action are hereby withdrawn in view of the Terminal Disclaimer filed May 28, 1999.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

Claims 28-40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being clearly anticipated by Eggers et al ('909).

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The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-27 and 41-68 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Neefe in combination with Sand ('709). Neefe teaches a collagen shrinkage method using various type of energy. Sand ('709) teach a method of shrinking collogen using light. It would have been obvious to the artisan of ordinary skill to employ various forms of heating energy in the method of Sand ('709) since these are equivalents as taught by Neefe, thus producing a method such as claimed.

Applicant's arguments filed May 28, 1999 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. This is a continuing Prosecution of applicant's earlier Application No. 09/003,098. All claims are drawn to the same invention claimed in the earlier application and could have been finally rejected on the grounds and art of record in the next Office action if they had been entered in the earlier application. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL** even though it is a first action in this case. See MPEP § 706.07(b). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

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MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no, however, event will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to David Shay at

telephone number (703) 308-2215.

David Shay:bhw April 27, 2000

DAVID M. SHAY PRIMARY EXAMINER GROUP 330